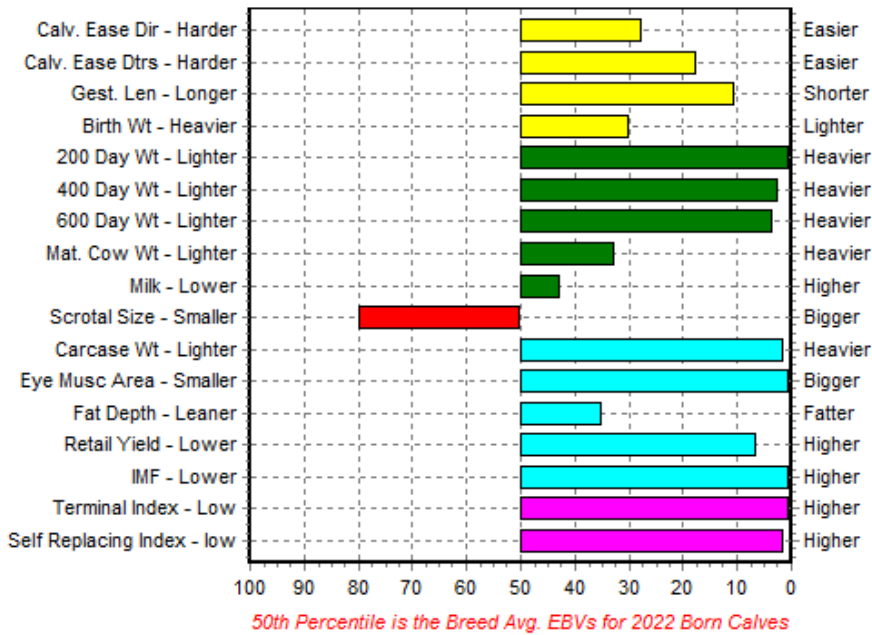


Aberdeen-Angus EBV Graph for BLACKHAUGH MASTER LUDOLF W654

[Animal Home](#)
 [EBV Enquiry](#)
 [Mating Predictor](#)
 [Member Enquiry](#)
 [Sale Catalogues](#)
 [Semen Catalogues](#)
 [Download Files](#)
 [Online Transactions](#)
 [Disclaimer](#)

EBV Percentiles for BLACKHAUGH MASTER LUDOLF W654



[Switch Graph](#)

[Graph Explanation](#)

November 2024 Aberdeen-Angus BREEDPLAN															
	Calving Ease DIR (%)	Calving Ease DTRS (%)	Gestation Length (days)	Birth Wt. (kg)	200 Day Wt (kg)	400 Day Wt (kg)	600 Day Wt (kg)	Mat Cow Wt (kg)	Milk (kg)	Scrotal Size (cm)	Carcase Wt (kg)	Eye Muscle Area (sq cm)	Fat Depth (mm)	Retail Beef Yield (%)	IMF (%)
EBV	+0.9	+2.5	-1.3	+2.7	+73	+117	+136	+99	+15	+0.6	+94	+9.4	-1.1	+2.2	+1.5
Accuracy	41%	33%	55%	77%	70%	70%	66%	58%	57%	74%	60%	54%	57%	50%	48%
Breed Avg. EBVs for 2022 Born Calves Click for Percentiles															
EBV	-0.9	+0.5	+0.3	+3.5	+45	+80	+98	+90	+14	+1.2	+64	+4.4	-1.5	+1.1	+0.2

Traits Analysed: BWT,200WT,400WT,SS,FAT,EMA,IMF,Genomics

SELECTION INDEX VALUES		
Market Target	Index Value	Breed Average
Terminal Index	+59	+38
Self Replacing Index	+78	+50



Online Contact [Information](#)

[The Aberdeen-Angus Cattle Society](#)

Site Designed & Supported by: [ABRI](#) i4 9.1.6, [Disclaimer](#)

12 December 2024

© Copyright 2024 All Rights Reserved.

Estimated Breeding Values can only be directly compared to other EBVs calculated in the same analysis. Results from different analyses are likely based upon different datasets and different underlying parameters and trait definitions.

Information contained on this web database, including but not limited to pedigree, DNA information, Estimated Breeding Values (EBVs) and Index values, is based on data recorded on the society/association database which was supplied by members and/or third parties. Whilst every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the information, the ABRI, the society/association, their officers and employees assume no responsibility for its content, use or interpretation. Data submitted to the database may have errors in it which can not be detected by current testing technology. For this reason, users ought to consider if they need to obtain independent testing of the relevant animal (if possible) to ensure the data is accurate.

BREEDPLAN results are calculated using software developed by the Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit, a joint venture of NSW Department of Primary Industries and the University of New England, which receives funding for this purpose from Meat and Livestock Australia Limited.